

Alaska School Leadership Institute 2011 - Preconference **TEACHER EVALUATION: TRENDS AND ISSUES** May 31, 2011 1:00 – 4:00 p.m. Captain Cook Hotel - Anchorage, Alaska Session Leader: Al Bertani, Leadership Development Consultant

# Session Objectives

- → Identifying the components of high quality instruction
- → Examining teacher evaluation frameworks
- → Analyzing trends and issues reflected in policy and procedural changes in teacher evaluation



- 1. The LEARNING belongs to you, and it rests largely with you.
- 2. Enter into the discussions ENTHUSIASTICALLY!!!
- $\label{eq:generalized_states} 3. \qquad \mbox{Give FREELY of your experience, but don't dominate the discussion.}$
- 4. CONFINE your discussions to the task assigned.
- 5. Say what you THINK ... be honest!
- 6. Only **ONE PERSON** should talk at a time... avoid private conversations while someone else is talking...
- 7. Listen **ATTENTIVELY** to the presentations and discussions.
- 8. BE **PATIENT** with other participants... appreciate their point of view...
- 9. Be **PROMPT** and **REGULAR** in attendance.
- 10. Place your cell phones on SILENT or VIBRATE to minimize interruptions.



"Parents, practitioners, and policy makers agree that the key to improving public education in America is placing highly skilled and effective teachers in all classrooms."

Evaluating Teacher Effectiveness How Teacher Performance Assessments Can Measure and Improve Teaching Linda Darling Hammond for the Center for American Progress October 2010

# HIGH QUALITY INSTRUCTION

Are Your Students Learning...

How Do You Know...



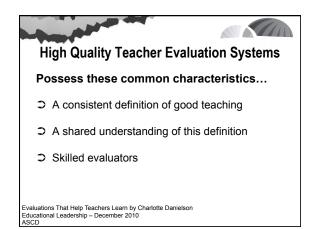
## Think-Pair-Share

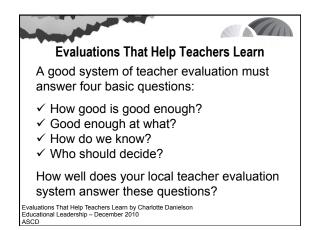
When you think about high quality instruction...

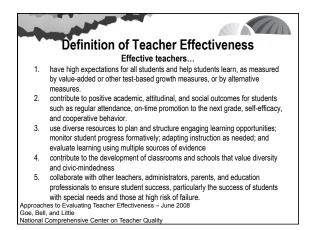
What does it look like? What does it sound like? What does it feel like? What does it produce?



What does it FEEL Like? What d	oes it PRODUCE?







The Domains from Danielson's Framework for Teaching

Domain 1: Planning and Preparation

Domain 2: The Classroom Environment

Domain 3: Instruction

Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities

The Fra

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#### Danielson's Framework for Teaching

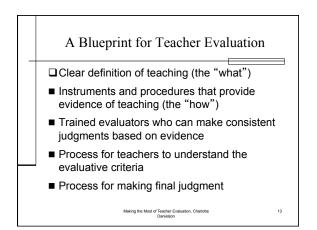
Domain 1: Planning and Preparation •Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy •Demonstrating Knowledge of Students •Selecting Instructional Goals •Demonstrating Knowledge of Resources •Designing Coherent Instruction •Assessing Student Learning

Domain 3: Instruction Domain 3: Instruction -Communicating Clearly and Accurately -Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques -Engaging Students in Learning -Providing Feedback to Students -Demonstrating Flexibility and Desagantiese Responsiveness

Domain 2: The Classroom Environment -Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport -Establishing a Culture for Learning -Managing Classroom Procedures -Managing Student Behavior -Organizing Physical Space

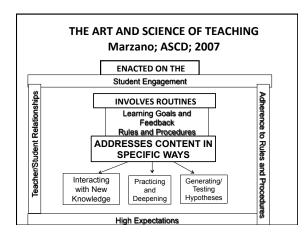
Domain 4: Professional Responsibilities Domain 4: Professional Responsibilit Reflecting on Teaching •Maintaining Accurate Records •Communicating with Families •Contributing to the School and District •Growing and Developing Professionally •Showing Professionalism

The Framework for Teaching Charlotte Danielson



#### Supervising The Art and Science of Teaching Marzano; ASCD; 2007

- 1. Learning Goals and Feedback
- 2. Interacting with New Knowledge
- 3. Practicing and Deepening
- 4. Generating and Testing Hypotheses
- 5. Student Engagement
- 6. Establishing Rules and Procedures
- 7. Adherence to Rules and Procedures
- 8. Teacher-Student Relationships
- 9. High Expectations

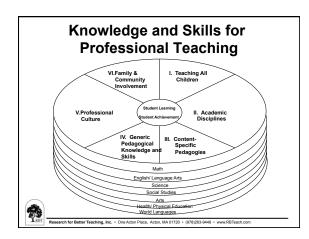




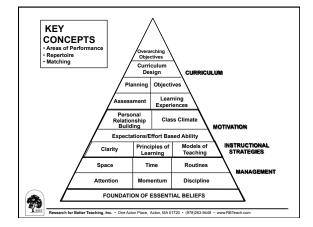
### What must a district or school do?

- Develop a common language of teaching
- Provide opportunities for focused feedback and practice
- Provide opportunities for observing and discussing effective teaching
- Require individual teacher growth and development plans on a yearly basis

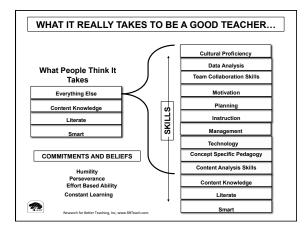
The Art and Science of Teaching; Robert Marzano

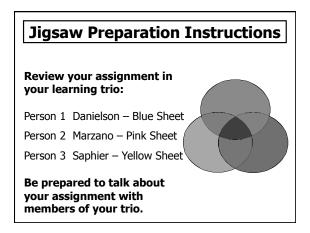


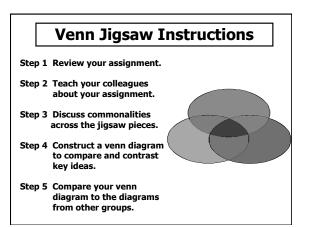








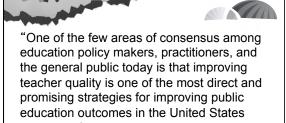




### Venn Jigsaw Instructions

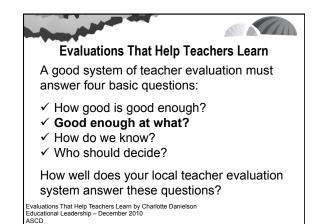
When you consider the results of your venn diagram regarding the Danielson, Marzano, and Saphier frameworks, reflect on the framework used by your school and district.

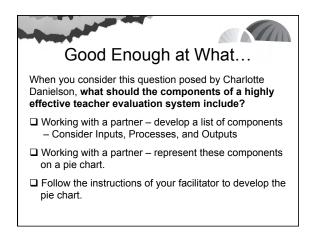
- What gaps might exist in your local framework when you compare it with these research-based frameworks?
- How could you improve your local teacher evaluation framework?

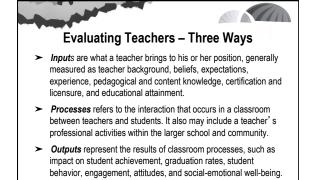


especially for children who have historically been taught by the least qualified teachers." Evaluating Teacher Effectiveness

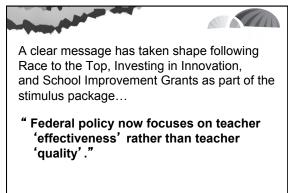
How Teacher Performance Assessments Can Measure and Improve Teaching Linda Darling Hammond for the Center for American Progress October 2010







Approaches to Evaluating Teacher Effectiveness – June 2008 Goe, Bell, and Little National Comprehensive Center on Teacher Quality



Measuring Effectiveness: What Will It Take? By Stumbo and McWalters Educational Leadership – December 2010



"design and implement rigorous, transparent, and fair evaluation systems for teachers and principals that ... differentiate effectiveness using multiple rating categories that take into account DATA ON STUDENT GROWTH AS A SIGNIFICANT FACTOR."

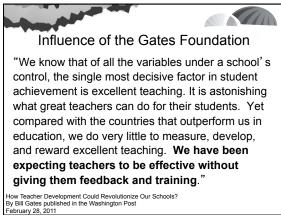
(Page 34 – Application Process) Measuring Effectiveness: What Will It Take? By Stumbo and McWalters Educational Leadership – December 2010



Reauthorization... "We are calling on states and districts to develop and implement systems of teacher and principal evaluation and support and

to identify effective and highly effective teachers and principals on the basis of student growth and other factors."

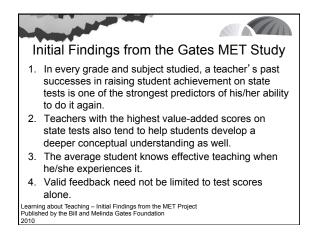
Measuring Effectiveness: What Will It Take? By Stumbo and McWalters Educational Leadership – December 2010 ASCD



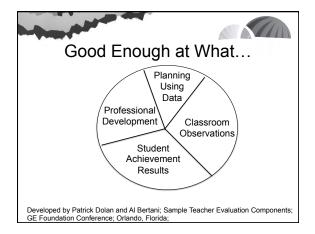
Goals of the Gates Foundation MET Study A new approach to development and evaluation that teachers endorse and that helps all teachers improve.

Learning about Teaching – Initial Findings from the MET Project Published by the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation 2010

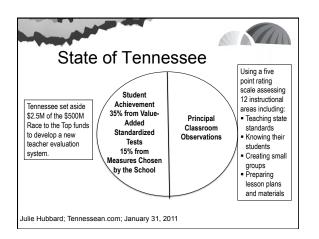
Data Collec	ted-Gates Foundation MET Study
Measure 1	Student achievement gains on different assessments.
Measure 2	Classroom observations and teacher reflections.
Measure 3	Teacher pedagogical content knowledge.
Measure 4	Student perceptions of the classroom instructional environment.
Measure 5	Teacher perceptions of working conditions and instructional support at
	their school.
Learning about Teaching – I Published by the Bill and Me 2010	nitial Findings from the MET Project linda Gates Foundation



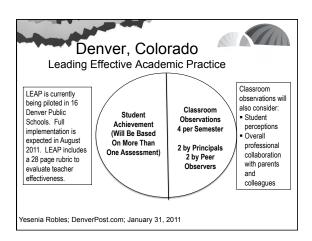
State(s)	Specific Trends
Tennessee and Delaware	Teacher merit pay     Adding student scores to evaluations
Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Maryland, Massachusetts, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Rhode Island, and Washington, D.C.	Rewards for effective teachers     Rewards for effective principals
Louisiana	Requires 1/2 of a teacher's evaluation be based on growth in student scores     Changes implemented by 2012 - 2013
Colorado	<ul> <li>Ties teacher and principal evaluation to student growth</li> <li>Makes it tougher for teachers to secure tenure</li> </ul>
Thirteen States Implementing TAP	Defines and measure teacher effectivenes     Links evaluations and P.D.     Bonuses paid for growth in student scores



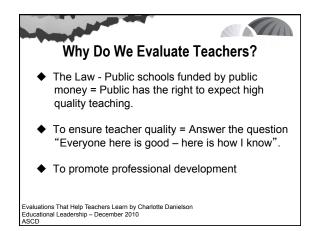


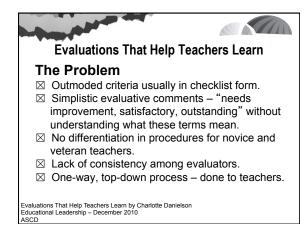


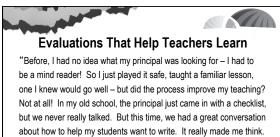






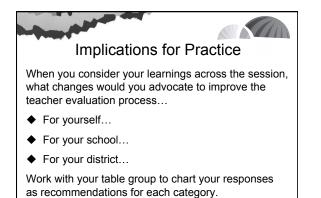






As a result, I've got a new approach: I'm going to engage some students around the things they're passionate about and have them try

to convince their classmates about the value of such interests." Evaluations That Help Teachers Learn by Charlotte Danielson Educational Leadership – December 2010 ASCD



Feacher Evaluation: Trends and Issues SLI 2011 – Preconference Jav 31 2011

